

# Production and Reserves Summary

## Copper Copper Production Summary

Facility	Product	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt
Tuticorin	Copper anode	313,284	335,652
	Sulphuric acid	987,473	1,027,771
	Phosphoric acid	163,607	152,401
	Copper cathode	139,705	162,940
	Copper rods	76,292	81,698
Silvassa	Copper cathode	173,127	176,354
	Copper rods	143,587	143,060
KCM	Copper cathode	135,615	150,488

## Copper Mining Summary

Mine	Type of mine	Ore mined		Copper concentrate		Copper in concentrate	
		31 March 2009	31 March 2008	31 March 2009	31 March 2008	31 March 2009	31 March 2008
		mt	mt	mt	mt	mt	mt
Mt Lyell (CMT)	Underground	2,558,100	2,545,504	98,755	99,388	27,421	27,952
Konkola (KCM)	Underground	8,813,986	7,312,988	253,810	233,759	81,435	75,631

## Copper Mine Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Type of mine	Resources			Reserves		
		Measured and indicated million mt	Copper grade %	Inferred million mt	Copper grade %	Proved and probable reserves million mt	Copper grade %
		Mt Lyell (CMT)	Underground	2.9	1.3	21.8	1.1
Konkola (KCM)	Underground	103.5	1.6	227.1	2.6	140.2	3.0

Resources are additional to Reserves

## Aluminium, Alumina and Bauxite Aluminium Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt
BALCO	356,781	358,671
MALCO	23,224	37,635

## Alumina Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt
BALCO	197,947	217,185
MALCO	43,377	74,020
VAL	585,597	266,955

## Bauxite Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt
BALCO – Mainpat	565,846	628,985
BALCO – Bodai Daldali	300,250	520,109
MALCO	262,976	343,045

## Bauxite Mine Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Resources			Reserves		
	Measured and indicated million mt	Aluminium grade %	Inferred million mt	Aluminium grade %	Proved and probable reserves million mt	Aluminium grade %
<b>BALCO</b>						
Manipat	-	-	5.0	48.1	3.6	48.2
Bodai-Daldali	-	-	2.0	48.0	4.2	48.7
Pandrapat	-	-	8.0	48.0	-	-
Jamirapat	-	-	15.7	50.5	-	-
<b>Total BALCO</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>30.7</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>48.5</b>
<b>MALCO</b>						
Yercaud	-	-	-	-	0.04	42.0
Kolli Hills	1.3	44.0	1.3	44.0	0.11	44.0
Poondi	-	-	1.6	44.0	-	-
<b>Total MALCO</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>43.0</b>
<b>VAL</b>						
Lanjigarh	-	-	-	-	77.7	46.5
<b>Total Bauxite</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>48.8</b>	<b>85.6</b>	<b>46.7</b>

Resources are additional to Reserves

## Zinc and Lead

### Zinc and Lead Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt
<b>HZL</b>		
Zinc	551,724	426,323
Lead	60,322	58,247

## Zinc and Lead Mining Summary

### a) Metal mined & metal concentrate

Mine	Type of mine	Ore mined		Zinc concentrate		Lead concentrate	
		31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt
Rampura Agucha	Open cut	4,953,110	4,068,215	1,114,048	914,917	92,151	74,874
Rajpura Dariba	Underground	483,293	518,049	36,531	42,213	8,174	11,284
Sindesar Khurd	Underground	299,995	295,200	23,141	24,022	9,571	12,422
Zawar	Underground	944,300	901,635	29,257	54,676	15,049	27,175
<b>Total</b>		<b>6,680,698</b>	<b>5,783,099</b>	<b>1,202,977</b>	<b>1,035,828</b>	<b>124,945</b>	<b>125,755</b>

### b) Metal in Concentrate (MIC)

Mine	Type of mine	Zinc in concentrate		Lead in concentrate	
		31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2008 mt
Rampura Agucha	Open cut	591,743	489,576	56,946	47,546
Rajpura Dariba	Underground	19,698	20,325	4,930	5,710
Sindesar Khurd	Underground	11,866	11,597	5,347	6,373
Zawar	Underground	28,187	29,796	16,578	18,095
<b>Total</b>		<b>651,494</b>	<b>551,294</b>	<b>83,801</b>	<b>77,724</b>

## Zinc and Lead Mine Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Resources						Reserves		
	Measured and indicated million mt	Zinc grade %	Lead grade %	Inferred million mt	Zinc grade %	Lead grade %	Proved and probable reserves million mt	Zinc grade %	Lead grade %
Rampura Agucha	31.3	16.2	2.3	19.6	14.1	1.4	67.9	13.4	1.9
Rajpura Dariba	5.7	8.3	2.5	13.7	6.4	1.3	7.4	6.3	1.6
Zawar	23.9	5.0	1.8	24.7	4.3	2.7	7.3	3.8	2.1
Kayar	2.3	12.6	1.9	6.7	10.0	1.7	-	-	-
Sindesar Khurd	18.2	6.1	3.9	32.0	4.6	3.1	6.4	5.3	2.8
Bamnia Kalan	1.7	5.3	1.8	3.4	5.0	3.8	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>83.1</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>100.1</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>89.0</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>

Resources are additional to Reserves

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REVIEW

SUSTAINABILITY

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# Production and Reserves Summary (continued)

## Iron ore

### Iron Ore Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2009	31 March 2008
	mt	mt
<b>Sesa Goa*</b>		
<b>Saleable Iron Ore</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>11.5</b>
Goa	11.2	7.8
Karnataka	2.8	1.8
Orissa	2.0	1.9

\*Company was acquired in 2007-08 as such figures for 2007-08 are for Eleven months (for May 2007 to Mar 2008) only.

### Iron Ore Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Resources			Reserves		
	Measured and indicated million mt	Iron ore grade %	Inferred million mt	Iron ore grade %	Proved and probable reserves million mt	Iron ore grade %
<b>Ore:</b>	<b>50.2</b>	<b>59.8</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>160.4</b>	<b>61.6</b>

1. Comprises mines that Sesa owns or has rights to.

Resources are additional to Reserves

#### Source of information

In respect of All businesses, the information has been certified by in house geologist on behalf of Group management.

#### Basis of Preparation

Ore reserves and mineral resources reported herein comply with the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Identified Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves', other than those relating to Konkola Copper Mines plc ('KCM') which complies with the South African Code for Reporting of Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources (the 'SAMREC Code'). The former code is prepared by the Joint Ore Reserves Committee of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, Australian Institute of Geoscientists, and Minerals Council of Australia, and is commonly referred to as the 'JORC Code'. As at the date of this document, the editions of the JORC and SAMREC Codes in force are dated December 2004 and March 2000, respectively. The JORC and SAMREC Codes recognise a fundamental distinction between resources and reserves.

The terms and definitions in the SAMREC Code are consistent with those used in the JORC Code with minor differences in terminology – the JORC Code uses the term Ore Reserve whilst the SAMREC Code uses the term Mineral Reserve. For the purposes of ore and mineral resources reported herein, the term ore resources have been used throughout.

Mineral resources are based on mineral occurrences quantified on the basis of geological data and an assumed cut-off grade, and are divided into Measured, Indicated and Inferred categories reflecting decreasing confidence in geological and/or grade continuity. The reporting of resource estimates carries the implication that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic exploitation. An Ore or Mineral Reserve is the economically mineable part of a Measured or Indicated Mineral Resource. It includes the effect of dilution and losses which may occur when the material is mined. Appropriate assessments, which may include feasibility studies, need to have been carried out and include consideration of and modification by realistically assumed mining, metallurgical, economic, marketing, legal, environmental, social and governmental factors.

These assessments demonstrate at the time of reporting that extraction could be reasonably justified. Ore Reserves are sub-divided in order of decreasing confidence into Proved Ore Reserves and Probable Ore Reserves.

The Measured and Indicated mineral resources have been reported as being inclusive of those mineral resources modified to produce the ore reserves, in addition to the ore reserves. The resource and reserve estimates provided herein comply with the resource and reserve definitions of the JORC Code, other than those relating to KCM which comply with the SAMREC Code.